ARCHITECTURE AND TOWN PLANNING (Dept.Elective-I)

Course Learning Objectives

The objectives of this course are:

- 1. Initiating the students to different architectures of the world. The distinctions between the eastern and western architecture styles are focused.
- 2. The salient features of Egyptian, Greek, Roman, Indian Vedic, and Indus valley civilization, Buddhist, Hindu and Indo-Sarsanic Architecture are introduced.
- 3. Architectural design concepts, principles of planning and composition are imparted.
- 4. To enable the student to understand town planning from ancient times to modern times.
- 5. To impart the concepts of town planning standards, land scaping and expansion of towns.

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course:

- 1. The student should be able to distinguish architectural styles of eastern and western world.
- 2. The student should understand the architectural design principles.
- 3. Understands the principles of planning.
- 4. Understands town plans of ancient cities.
- 5. Understands the standards of modern town planning
- 6. Understands the town planning standards, landscaping features and regulations controlling expansion of the towns and the cities.

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

History of Architecture: Western Architecture: Egyptian, Greek, Roman Architectures- Orders. Indian Architecture: Vedic age, Indus valley civilization— Buddhist period: Stambas, Stupa, oranas, Chaityas, Viharas—Hindu temples: Dravidian and Indo Aryan Styles-Temple of Aihole, Madurai, Bhuvaneshwar, Mount Abu. Indo Sarsanic (Islamic) Architecture: Mosque - Palace - Fort - Tomb.

UNIT - II

Architectural Design: Principles of designing – Composition of Plan – relationship between plan and elevation- building elements, form, surface texture, mass, line, color, tone- Principles of Composition: Unity, contrast, proportion, scale, balance, circulation, rhythm, character, expression.

UNIT - III

Principles of Planning: Principles of planninga residence- site selection, site orientation- aspect, prospect, grouping, circulation, privacy, furniture requirements, services and other factors. **Post-classic Architecture:** Introduction of post-classic architecturecontribution of eminent architects to modern period-Edward Lutyens, LeCorbusier, Frank Lloyd Wrigt, Walter Groping.

UNIT - IV

Historical Back Ground of Town Planning: Town planning in India –Town plans of mythological Manasa-Town plans of ancient towns: Harappa, Mohenjodaro, Pataliputra, Delhi, Acropolis (Greece), Jerusalem, Mecca, Rome, London.

UNIT - V

Modern Town Planning: Zoning- Roads and road traffic- Housing- Slums, Parks, Play grounds- Public Utility Services- Surveys and maps for planning- Neighborhood Planning. **Standards of Town planning:** Planning new towns, planning standards and specifications, national and regional planning, town planning and legislation planning regulations and limitations.

UNIT - VI

Land Scaping and Expansion of Towns: Land scaping for the towns, horizontal and vertical expansion of towns- garden cities, satellite towns floating towns- sky scrapers-pyramidal cities.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. 'The great ages of World Architecture' by G.K. Hiraskar.
- 2. 'Planning and Design of Buildings by Section of Architecture' by Y.S. Sane.
- 3. 'Professional Practice' by G.K.Krishnamurthy, S.V.Ravindra, PHI Learning, New Delhi.
- 4. 'Indian Architecture Vol. I & II' by Percy Brown, Taraporevala Publications, Bombay.
- 5. 'Fundamentals of Town Planning'by G.K. Haraskar.

REFERENCES:

- 1. 'Drafting and Design for Architecture' by Hepler, Cengage Learning
- 2. 'Architect's Portable Handbook' by John Patten Guthrie McGrawHill International Publications.
- 3. 'Modern Ideal Homes for India' by R. S. Deshpande.
- 4. 'Town and County Planning'by A.J. Brown and H.M. Sherrard.
- 5. 'Town Design'byFederikGlbbard, Architectural press, London.